



**TEACHING INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN (BRP)**

**COURSE**

**EMBEDDED SYSTEM**

**by**

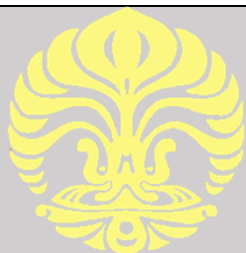
**Dr. Prawitno Prajitno**

**Undergraduate Program in Physics  
Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences**

**Universitas Indonesia**

**Depok**

**November 2020**



**UNIVERSITAS INDONESIA**  
**FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES**  
**PHYSICS UNDERGRADUATE STUDY PROGRAM**

**TEACHING INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN**

<b>Course Name</b>	Computer-Based Data Acquisition	<b>Credit(s)</b>	<b>Prerequisite course(s)</b>	<b>Requisite for course(s)</b>	<b>Integration Between Other Courses</b>
<b>Course Code</b>	SCPH604709	2	Electronics 2	-	-
<b>Relation to Curriculum</b>	-				
<b>Semester</b>	5				
<b>Lecturer(s)</b>	Dr. Prwaito Prajitno				
<b>Course Description</b>	After finishing this course, Physics students under the specialization of instrumentational physics in the 5 <sup>th</sup> semester is able to apply (C3) a range of basic instrumentation techniques for data acquisition using computers through the software of LabVIEW or other programming languages. The language used to interact in this course is in Indonesian.				
<b>Program Learning Outcome (PLO)</b>					
Sub-PLO 1	Describing the phenomenon, findings and both contemporary and current topics in Physics.				

Sub-PLO 2	Building a strong perception towards the development of the current development of science and technology related to physics.
Sub-PLO 3	Applying concepts in Physics towards the process of production.
Sub-PLO 4	Applying concepts in Physics in botch society and livelihood.
Sub-PLO 5	Applying the concepts thought form system and instrumentational physics.
<b>Course Learning Outcome (CLO)</b>	
CLO	Students are able to apply (C3) various basic instrumentation techniques for data acquisition using computers through the software of LabVIEW or other programming languages. (ELO(s) 3, 5, 6, 8)
<b>Sub-CLO</b>	
Sub-CLO 1	Able to apply (C3) basic instrumentation techniques for data acquisition using computers.
Sub-CLO 2	Able to explain (C2) the basics of programming using LabVIEW for data acquisition.
Sub-CLO 3	Able to explain (C2) the inputs and outputs of computer systems for data acquisition.
Sub-CLO 4	Able to apply (C3) basic instrumentation concepts for signal conditioning in while acquiring data.
Sub-CLO 5	Able to explain (C2) the mechanics of communication using computer systems for data acquisition.
Sub-CLO 6	Able to apply (C3) basic instrumentation techniques for designing a system for acquiring data.

<b>Study Materials</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Data Acquisition based on computers</li><li>• Basic applications of LabVIEW</li><li>• Analog to Digital Converter</li><li>• Digital to Analog Converter</li><li>• Serial data communication systems</li><li>• Parallel data communication systems</li></ul>
Reading List	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cofas, P.A., Cofas, D.T., Ursutiu, D. and Samoila, C., NI ELVIS Computer-Based Instrumentation, NTS, 2012.</li><li>• Travis, J., and Kring, J. LabVIEW for Everyone, 3rd Ed., Prentice Hall, 2006</li><li>• Sumathi, S. and Surekha, P., LabVIEW based Advanced Instrumentation Systems, Springer, 2007.</li></ul>

### Teaching Plan

Week	Sub-CLO	Study Materials [with reference]	Teaching Method [with est. time]	Learning Experiences (*O-E-F)	Sub-CLO Achievement Indicator		Sub-CLO Weight on Course (%)
					General	Specific	
1	Introduction						
2	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Introducing data acquisition systems based on computers</li> </ul> [Reference] <a href="#">Cotfas, P.A., Cotfas, D.T., Ursutiu, D. and Samoila, C., NI ELVIS Computer-Based Instrumentation, NTS, 2012.100</a>	Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion  [Estimated time] 100 minutes	Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)  Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)  Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)	Able to explain basic instrumentation concepts for data acquisition using computers	Able to apply basic instrumentation concepts for data acquisition using computers	8.33%
3	1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data acquisition systems based on computers</li> </ul>	Interactive teaching, question-	Orientation: Introduction to this	Able to explain basic instrumentation concepts for data	Able to apply basic instrumentation concepts for data	8.33%

		<p>[Reference]  <a href="#">Cotfas, P.A., Cotfas, D.T., Ursutiu, D. and Samoila, C., NI ELVIS Computer-Based Instrumentation, NTS, 2012.100</a></p>	<p>based learning, self-directed study, discussion</p> <p>[Estimated time] 100 minutes</p>	<p>week's topica (20%)</p> <p>Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)</p> <p>Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)</p>	<p>acquisition using computers</p>	<p>acquisition using computers</p>	
4	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction to LabVIEW</li> </ul> <p>[Reference]  <a href="#">Cotfas, P.A., Cotfas, D.T., Ursutiu, D. and Samoila, C., NI ELVIS Computer-Based Instrumentation, NTS, 2012.100</a></p>	<p>Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion</p> <p>[Estimated time] 100 minutes</p>	<p>Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)</p> <p>Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)</p> <p>Feedback:</p>	<p>Able to explain the program of LabVIEW for data acquisition</p>	<p>Able to apply the program of LabVIEW for data acquisition</p>	8.33%

				Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)			
5	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prgoramming LabVIEW</li> </ul> <p>[Reference]  <a href="#">Travis, J., and Kring, J. LabVIEW for Everyone, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Prentice Hall, 2006</a></p>	<p>Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion</p> <p>[Estimated time]  100x2 minutes</p>	<p>Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)</p> <p>Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)</p> <p>Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)</p>	Able to explain the program of LabVIEW for data acquisition	Able to apply the program of LabVIEW for data acquisition	8.33%
6	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inputs in the computer system</li> </ul> <p>[Reference]  <a href="#">Travis, J., and Kring, J. LabVIEW for Everyone, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., Prentice Hall, 2006</a></p>	<p>Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-</p>	<p>Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)</p>	Able to explain the inputs for a computer for data acquisition	Able to apply the inputs for a computer for data acquisition	8.33%

			<p>directed study, discussion</p> <p>[Estimated time] 100x2 minutes</p>	<p>Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)</p> <p>Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)</p>			
7	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Outputs of the computer system</li> </ul> <p>[Reference] <a href="#">Cotfas, P.A., Cotfas, D.T., Ursutiu, D. and Samoila, C., NI ELVIS Computer-Based Instrumentation, NTS, 2012.100</a></p>	<p>Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion</p> <p>[Estimated time] 100 minutes</p>	<p>Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)</p> <p>Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)</p> <p>Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)</p>	<p>Able to explain the outputs of a computer for data acquisition</p>	<p>Able to apply the outputs of a computer for data acquisition</p>	8.33%



8		Mid Term Exam					
9	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Techniques of signal conditioning</li> </ul> <p>[Reference]  <a href="#">Sumathi, S. and Surekha, P., LabVIEW based Advanced Instrumentation Systems, Springer, 2007.</a></p>	<p>Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion</p> <p>[Estimated time] 100 minutes</p>	<p>Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)</p> <p>Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)</p> <p>Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)</p>	Able to explain the techniques of signal conditioning for data acquisition	Able to apply the techniques of signal conditioning for data acquisition	5.55%
10	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Signal conversion (ADC)</li> </ul> <p>[Reference]  <a href="#">Sumathi, S. and Surekha, P., LabVIEW based Advanced Instrumentation Systems, Springer, 2007.</a></p>	<p>Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion</p> <p>[Estimated time]</p>	<p>Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)</p> <p>Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)</p>	Able to explain the concept of Analog to Digital signal conversion for data acquisition	Able to apply the concept of Analog to Digital signal conversion for data acquisition	5.55%

			100 minutes	Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)			
11	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Signal conversion (DAC)</li> </ul> <p>[Reference]  <a href="#">Sumathi, S. and Surekha, P., LabVIEW based Advanced Instrumentation Systems, Springer, 2007.</a></p>	<p>Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion</p> <p>[Estimated time] 100x2 minutes</p>	<p>Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)</p> <p>Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)</p> <p>Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)</p>	Able to explain the concept of Digital to Analog signal conversion for data acquisition	Able to apply the concept of Digital to Analog signal conversion for data acquisition	5.55%
12	5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Serial data communication systems</li> </ul> <p>[Reference]</p>	Interactive teaching, question-based	Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic	Able to explain the principals of data communication via	Able to apply the principals of data communication via	8.33%

		<a href="#">Sumathi, S. and Surekha, P., LabVIEW based Advanced Instrumentation Systems, Springer, 2007.</a>	learning, self-directed study, discussion  [Estimated time] 100x2 minutes	(20%)  Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)  Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)	computers for data acquisition	computers for data acquisition	
13	5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Parallel data communication systems</li> </ul> [Reference] <a href="#">Sumathi, S. and Surekha, P., LabVIEW based Advanced Instrumentation Systems, Springer, 2007.</a>	Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion  [Estimated time] 100 minutes	Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)  Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)  Feedback: Question and answer	Able to explain the principals of data communication via computers for data acquisition	Able to apply the principals of data communication via computers for data acquisition	8.33%

				with the lecturer (20%)			
14	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Simple examples of designing acquisition techniques 1</li> </ul> <p>[Reference]  <a href="#">Sumathi, S. and Surekha, P., LabVIEW based Advanced Instrumentation Systems, Springer, 2007.</a></p>	<p>Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion</p> <p>[Estimated time] 100 minutes</p>	<p>Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)</p> <p>Exercise: Listen to lecture (60%)</p> <p>Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)</p>	Able to explain basic instrumentation techniques for designing a system for data acquisition	Able to apply basic instrumentation techniques for designing a system for data acquisition	8.33%
15	6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Simple examples of designing acquisition techniques 2</li> </ul>	<p>Interactive teaching, question-based learning, self-directed study, discussion</p>	<p>Orientation: Introduction to this week's topic (20%)</p> <p>Exercise:</p>	Able to explain basic instrumentation techniques for designing a system for data acquisition	Able to apply basic instrumentation techniques for designing a system for data acquisition	8.33%

			[Estimated time] 100 minutes	Listen to lecture (60%)  Feedback: Question and answer with the lecturer (20%)			
16	Final Exam						

### Assignment Design

Week	Assignment Name	Sub-CLOs	Assignment	Scope	Working Procedure	Deadline	Outcome
<b>Week</b>	<b>Assignment Name</b>	<b>Sub-CLO</b>	<b>Assignments</b>	<b>Scopes</b>	<b>Working Procedure</b>	<b>Deadline</b>	<b>Outcome</b>
2-7, 9-15	Individual Assignments	1-6	Doing assignments	Materials thought in class in that specific week	Individual assignments at home	1 week	The answers are submitted in the platform EMAS
8	Midterm Exam	1-3	Answering questions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Introduction to data acquisition using computers</li> <li>Introduction to LabVIEW</li> </ul>	Answering the midterm exam in EMAS	100 minutes	The answers are submitted in the platform EMAS

				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inputs and Outputs of a computer system</li> </ul>			
16	Final Exam	4-6	Answering Questions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ADC and DAC signal conversion</li> <li>Communication systems of serial and parallel data</li> <li>Simple examples of designing a data acquisition system</li> </ul>	Answering the final exam in EMAS	100 minutes	The answers are submitted in the platform EMAS

### Assessment Criteria

Evaluation Type	Sub-CLO	Assessment Type	Frequency	Evaluation Weight (%)
Individual Assignments	1-6	Summary or assignments	1 every week	30
Mid-Term Exam	1-3	Exam questions in EMAS UI	1	35
Final Exam	4-6	Exam questions in EMAS UI	1	35
<b>Total</b>				<b>100</b>

### Conversion of the students final score

Score	Grade	Equivalent
85—100	A	4,00
80—<85	A-	3,70
75—<80	B+	3,30
70—<75	B	3,00
65—<70	B-	2,70
60—<65	C+	2,30
55—<60	C	2,00
40—<55	D	1,00
<40	E	0,00

### Rubric(s)

#### A. Criteria for the Individual Assignments

Grade	Quality of Answer
>90	If the student is able to finish the assignment with atleast 90% of the answers being correct
70-89	If the student is able to finish the assignment while getting between 70% to 89% of the answers correct
60-69	If the student is able to finish the assignment while getting between 60% to 69% of the answers correct
55-59	If the student is able to finish the assignment while getting between 55% to 59% of the answers correct
50-54	If the student is able to finish the assignment while getting between 50% to 54% of the answers correct

**B. Mid term exam and Final term exam**

<b>Grade</b>	<b>Quality of Answer</b>
100	The answers are precise, every definition and main components are included
76-99	The answers precise enough, all definitions and main components that are needed to answer the question are almost precise
51-75	The answers are less precise, the definitions and main components that are needed to answer the question are less precise
26-50	The answers are very unprecise, the definitions and main components that are needed to answer the questions are missing a lot of details
<25	Wrong answer