

TEACHING INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN (BRP)

COURSE

RESEARCH METHOD OF MATERIAL

by

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PREFACE

The Teaching Instructional Design (BRP) for the Research Method of Materials course was prepared to be used as a reference for learning the Materials Research Methods course in the Physics Undergraduate Study Program of FMIPA UI, which was attended by physics students who were majoring in material physics in semester 6 on the condition that the student had taken the Modern Physics course. In the Materials Research Methods course, students will be taught to design and start material research activities based on appropriate scientific methods to solve problems faced in everyday life. It is hoped that this BRP can become a reference in the learning process for both lecturers as teachers and students as course participants so that the material is conveyed properly and perfectly.

Depok, November 18th, 2016

Dr. Azwar Manaf, M.Met.

I. Informasi Umum

- 1. Name of Program / Study Level
- 2. Course Name
- 3. Course Code
- 4. Semester
- 5. Credit
- 6. Teaching Method(s)
- 7. Prerequisite course(s)
- 8. Requisite for course(s)
- 9. Integration Between Other Courses
- 10. Lecturer
- 11. Course Description

- : Physics / Undergraduate
- : Research Method of Materials
- : SCFI603514
- : 6
- : 2 Credits
- : Interactive Lectures, presentation, active learning, discussion, and written examination.
- : Modern Physics
- : None
- : None
- : Dr. Azwar Manaf, M.Met.
- After completing this lecture, physics : students with an interest in material physics in semester 6 are able to design (C6) and start (P4) material research activities based on scientific methods in everyday life appropriately to solve (A5) existing problems in accordance with the laws of physics applicable. The language of instruction used in this course is Indonesian.

II. Course Learning Outcome (CLO) and Sub-CLOs

A. CLO

Students are able to design (C6) and start (P4) material research activities based on scientific methods in everyday life to solve (A5) existing problems. (ELO(s) 3, 4, 6, 8)

B. Sub-CLOs

- 1. Students are able to design (C6) material research activities based on scientific methods in everyday life to solve (A5) existing problems.
- 2. Students are able to carry out (C3) and start (P4) material research activities based on scientific methods in everyday life to solve (A5) existing problems.

III. Teaching Plan

Week	Sub- CLO	Study Materials	Teaching Method	Time Required	Learning Experiences (*O-E-F)	Sub-CLO Weight on Course (%)	Sub-CLO Achievement Indicator	References
1				Course	Introduction			
2	1	• Basic principles of research methods	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Be able to mention types of research	Bibliograp hy related
3	1	 Research stages, general research design, precision and accuracy and bias 	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Be able to tell the research flow	Bibliograp hy related
4	1	• The sampling method	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Be able to mention ways of taking samples	Bibliograp hy related
5	1	 Statistical techniques and sample types 	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Be able to explain statistical techniques for research	Bibliograp hy related
6	1	• Material testing methods	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Be able to mention material testing methods	Bibliograp hy related
7	1	• Quality control in sampling, sample testing and data processing	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Able to describe sample quality and process data	Bibliograp hy related
8				Mid T	'erm Exam			

16		funding		T21 r	Ferm Exam			
15	1-2	 Closing lecture: Writing a good proposal to win research 	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	14.32	Be able to describe the details of a good research proposal	Bibliograp hy related
14	2	• UI Grants (PITTA, PIT 9, Achievemen ts)	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Able to tell the process of getting the UI Grant	Bibliograp hy related
13	2	• Presentation of group assignments	Presentation	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Able to present tasks that have been done	Bibliograp hy related
12	2	Prepare research proposals	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Able to write research proposals	Bibliograp hy related
11	2	• Group task	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Able to do group assignments	Bibliograp hy related
10	2	• Publish research results	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Be able to explain how to publish research results	Bibliograp hy related
9	2	• Present and communicat e research results	Interactive lectures, active learning, discussion	100 minutes	20% O, 60% E, 20% F	7.14	Able to communicate research results well	Bibliograp hy related

- *) O : Orientation
 - E : Execise
 - F : Feedback

References:

- 1. Lecturer personal notes
- 2. Nicholas Walliman, "Research Methods The Basics", Taylor & Francis e-Library, 2011
- 3. The 2018 PITTA (Indexed International Publication for UI Student Final Project) Grant,

DRPM UI

- 4. Technical Guidelines for Student Final Project Writing UI, 2017
- 5. Various articles, journals, related references

Week	Assignment Name	Sub- CLOs	Assignment		Scope	Working Procedure	Deadline	Outcome
13	Presentation	1-2	Group presentation creation	•	All materials required	Group assignments at home	1 week	Presentation during class
8	Mid Term Exam	1	Work on problems	• • •	Basic principles of research methods Various types of research activities Designing research activities Guidelines for writing research proposals	Do the Mid Term Exam at EMAS	100 minutes	Answers to questions uploaded on EMAS
16	Final Term Exam	2	Work on problems	•	Carry out material research activities Processing data from material research Principles of presentation and communication of research results Writing research results in the form of a thesis and publication	Do the Final Exam at EMAS	100 minutes	Answers to questions uploaded on EMAS

IV. Assignment Design

V. Assessment Criteria (Learning Outcome Evaluation)

Evaluation Type	Sub-CLOs	Assessment Type	Frequency	Evaluation Weight (%)
Assignment	1-2	 Writing Presentation Research 	1	20
Mid Term Exam	1	Exam questions at EMAS UI	1	40
Final Term Exam	2	Exam questions at EMAS UI	1	40

Total	100

VI. Rubric(s)

A. Criteria of Writing and Presentation Score

Criteria	A (90)	B (75)	C (60)	D (50)
Organization (Overall sequences, flows, and transitions)	Information is presented in an effective order. The excellent structure of paragraphs and transitions improves readability and comprehension. The executive summary or abstract is presented first, allowing the reader to easily follow the rest of the report.	Information is logically ordered by paragraphs and transitions. Within a section, the order in which ideas are presented may be confusing at times	Information is scattered and needs further development.	There is no clear sequence of paragraphs, so there is no progressive flow of ideas. The details and examples are disorganized, difficult to follow and understand.
Quality of informat ion	Supporting details are specific to the topic and provide the necessary information.	Some details do not support the topic of the report.	Details are a bit vague.	Unable to find certain details.
Introduction	The introductory paragraph is clearly stated, has a sharp focus, is different and increases the impact of the report	The introductory paragraph is clearly stated with focus.	The introductory paragraph is unclear.	The introductory paragraph is unclear.

Conclusion	Summarize paragraphs summarize and draw clear, effective conclusions and increase the impact of the report.	Summarize the following paragraphs and summarize the discussion report and draw conclusions.	Closing paragraphs are only remotely related to the topic of the report.	Closing paragraphs are not clear.
Use of language: choice words, grammar, and sentence structure	Sentences are complete and grammatical, and they flow together easily. The word is chosen for its proper meaning.	For the most part, sentences are complete and grammatical, and they flow together easily. Every mistake is minor and doesn't distract the reader. Repetition of the same words and phrases is avoided	Minor mistakes in sentence structure and grammar are frequent enough that they detract from the reader and distract from meaning. There are unnecessary repetitions of the same words and phrases	Major mistakes in sentence structure and grammar are frequent enough that they distract the reader and interfere with meaning. There are unnecessary repetitions of the same words and phrases
Use of pictures: numbers, graphs & pictures	All numbers, graphics and images used are accurate, consistent with text, and of good quality. Appropriate and consistent labeling.	For the most part, the numbers, graphics, and images used are accurate, consistent with the text, and of good quality. Some labels are imprecise and consistent.	Few of the numbers, graphics, and images used are accurate, consistent with text, and of good quality. They are not properly labeled.	Numbers, graphics, and images are of poor quality, have lots of inaccuracies & mislabelling or none at all.

B. Mid Term Exam (UTS) and Final Exam (UAS)

- 1) Able to express ideas in solving problems (25%)
- 2) Be able to determine the right basic concepts in solving problems (35%)
- 3) Able to formulate the final solution of problems correcting language errors (30%)

4) Able to use the appropriate important units and figures (10%)

Criteria	5	4	3	2	1
Communicatio	Students	Students	Students	Students	Students
n	provide	provide	provide	provide	provide
	specific and	specific	explanations	explanations	explanations
	easy to	explanation	that are less	that are not	that are not
	understand	and some are	specific and	specific and	specific and
	explanations	easy to	some are	difficult to	cannot be
	in the	understand in	difficult to	understand in	understood in
	discussion	discussions	understand in	discussions	the discussion
	and use	and use	discussions	and do not	and do not
	various tools /	various tools /	and do not	use various	use various
	methods to	methods to	use various	tools /	tools /
	facilitate	facilitate	tools /	methods to	methods to
	understanding	understanding	methods to	facilitate	facilitate
			facilitate	understanding	understanding
			understanding		
Class	Students use	Students use	Students use	Students use	Students use
atmosphere	polite	polite	language that	language that	language that
	language in	language in	is not polite	is	is
	their	their	in their	disrespectful	disrespectful
	interactions,	interactions,	interactions,	in interacting,	in interacting,
	contribute	contribute in	contributes in	does not	does not
	actively, and	part, and do	part, and	contribute,	contribute,
	do not	not dominate	dominates the	and	and
	dominate the	the	discussion a	dominates	dominates the
	discussion.	discussion.	lot.	discussions.	discussion.
Openness	Students	Students give	Students do	Students give	Students do
	provide	partial	not provide	little feedback	not provide
	feedback and	feedback and	feedback and	and do not	feedback and
	value the	value the	do not respect	respect the	do not respect
	opinions of	opinions of	other people's	opinions of	other people's
	others.	others	opinions	others	opinions.
Behavior	Students	Students	Students	Students do	Students do
	listen very	listen well	listen as they	not pay	not listen and
	well and	and behave	are and	attention and	behave
	behave	politely in	behave	behave	disrespectfull
	politely in	class.	politely in	casually in	y in class.
	class.		class.	class.	

C. Lecture Affective Form

Kriteria	5	4	3	2	1
Work	Students follow all procedures properly and sequentially	Students follow most procedures well and sequentially	Students follow most procedures well but not in order	Students follow some procedures poorly and out of order	Students do not follow procedures well
Safety	Students are careful in doing research and are aware of their surroundings	Students are careful in doing research and are less aware of their surroundings	Students are not careful in doing research and are less aware of their surroundings.	Students are a little careful in doing research and are not aware of their surroundings.	Students are not careful and endanger their surroundings.
Report	Students write research results in a complete and easy to understand manner	Students write research results incomplete and easy to understand	Students write research results incompletely and difficult to understand	Students write some of the research results incomplete and not easy to understand	Students do not write research results
Activeness	Students are actively working and show interest in research and are diligent in discussing / asking questions	Students are actively working but show less interest in research even though they are diligent in discussing / asking questions	Students are less active in working and show less interest in research even though they are diligent in discussing / asking questions	Students are less active in working and do not show interest in research and are less diligent in discussing / asking questions	Students are not actively working and do not show interest in research and do not discuss / ask questions

D. Criteria for the Psychomotor Score of Research Work